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Pexels

Five must-read novels on the environment and climate crisis

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Since the start of **lockdown**, more of us have taken to our bicycles, grown our own vegetables and baked our own bread. So it's not surprising it has been suggested we should use this experience to rethink our approach to the climate crisis.

Reading some environmental literature – sometimes called "eco-literature" – can also give us the opportunity to think about the world around us in different ways.

Eco-literature, has a long literary tradition that dates back to the writings of 19th-century **English romantic poets and US authors**. And the growing awareness of climate change has accelerated the development of environmental writings.

Animal's People

by Indra Sinha

Author



Ti-han Chang Lecturer in Asia-Pacific Studies, University of Central Lancashire Indra Sinha's Animal's People, looks at the **Bhopal gas explosion** in India – one of the most horrific environmental disasters of the 20th-century. A poisonous gas leak from a US-owned pesticide plant killed several thousand people and injured more than half a million.

The main character in the novel, Animal, is a 19-year-old orphaned boy who survives the explosion with a deformed body. This means he must "crawl like a dog on all fours". Animal does not hate his body, but embraces his animistic identity – offering an unconventional **non**human perspective.

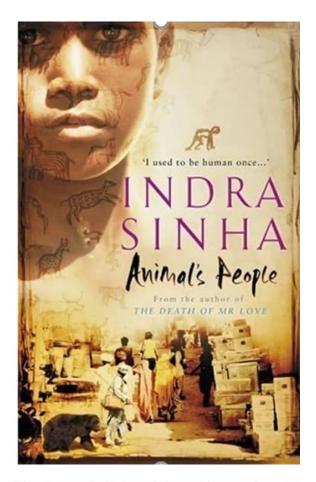
With this wounded "human-animal" figure, Sinha puts forward his critique of India's postcolonial conditions and demonstrates how Western capitalist domination continues to damage people and the environment in contemporary postcolonial society.

My Year of Meats

by Ruth Ozeki

Ruth Ozeki's novel intermingles themes such as motherhood, environmental justice and **ecological practice** to explore the appalling use of growth hormones in the US meat industry from a feminist ecocritical perspective.

The novel employs a "documentary" narrative mode and begins with a TV cooking show – sponsored by a meat company. While filming the show, Jane Takagi-Little, the director, encounters a vegetarian lesbian couple who reveal the ugly truth about the use of growth hormones within the livestock industry. The encounter motivates Jane to undertake a documentary project to uncover how growth hormones poison women's bodies.



MY YEAR OF MEATS RUTH OZEKI



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Through a deliberate choice to make all her main characters female, Ozeki draws her readers' attention to nonconforming, atypical female figures who rebel against social or cultural norms inherent in patriarchal capitalist society.

Disgrace

by J.M. Coetzee

In Disgrace, J.M. Coetzee, a celebrated Noble Prize laureate, who is also known for his outspoken defence of animal rights, interweaves a brutal dog-killing scene with the gang-rape of a white South African woman by three black men.

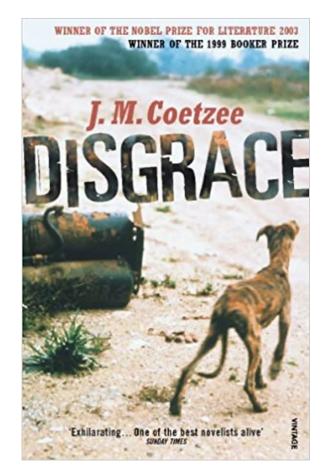
Praised as one of the South African postcolonial canons, the novel explores complex issues of white supremacy and anticolonial resistance as well as racial and gender violence. It ties these issues with humans' domination and exploitation of the animals and further challenges our ethical position.

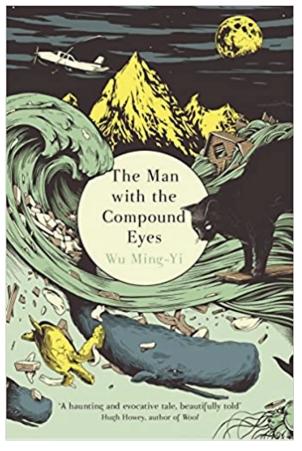
The combination of these two acts – the killing of dogs and the rape of a woman – can be read as Coetzee's ecocritique of the colonial violence against nonhuman beings and the natural environment.

The Man with the Compound Eyes

by Wu Ming-yi

Climate fiction or the so-called "cli-fi" takes on genuine scientific discovery or phenomenon and combines this with a dystopian or over the top twist. This approach underlines the agency of non-human beings, environments or even phenomena – such as trees, the ocean, or a tsunami.





Read more: Imagining both utopian and dystopian climate futures is crucial – which is why cli-fi is so important

Wu Ming-yi's novel is composed of four different narratives: a Taiwanese university professor, a boy from the mythical Wayo Wayo island and two other city-dwelling indigenous characters. Their stories are viewed in fragments from the multiple perspectives of the "compound eyes". At the backdrop is a tsunami which causes **the Great Pacific garbage patch** to crash on to the eastern coast of Taiwan and the fictionalised Pacific island of Wayo Wayo that brings together all their stories.

Wu blends this unrealistic event with the real-life trash vortex to draw our attention to the severe environmental problems of waste dumping and our unsustainable lifestyles.

The Overstory

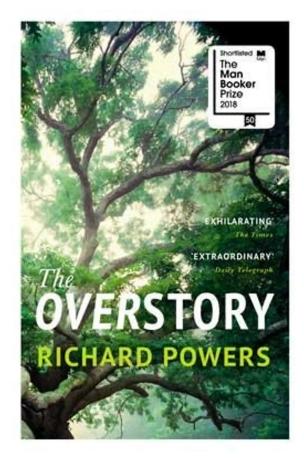
by Richard Powers

The Overstory is praised by critics for its ambition to bring awareness to the life of trees and its advocacy to an **ecocentric way of life**. Powers' novel sets out with nine distinctive characters - which represent the "roots" of trees. Gradually their stories and lives intertwine to form the "trunk", the "crown" and the "seeds".

One of the characters, Dr Patricia Westerford, publishes a paper showing trees are social beings because they can communicate and warn each other when a foreign intrusion occurs. Her idea, though presented as controversial in the novel, is actually well supported by today's scientific studies.

Despite her groundbreaking work, Dr Westerford ends up taking her own life by drinking poisonous tree extracts at a conference - to make it clear humans can only save trees and the planet by ceasing to exist.

These are just a few books with a specific focus on environmental issues – perfect for your **current reading list**. To everyone's surprise, this global



lockdown has given us some eco-benefits, such as a **sudden dip in carbon emissions** and the huge decline in our reliance on **traditional fossil fuel energy**. Maybe then if we can learn from this experience we can move towards a greener future.

